

Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa, AMFU, Bulletin District Wardha.

(Issued jointly by GKMS, Akola, Dr Panjabrao Deshmukh Krishi Vidyapeeth, Akola & (India Meteorology Department) Email: gkmsakola@yahoo.com.



Amravati District Agromet Advisory Bulletin No. : 30 / 2024-25 Day & Date : Friday 25.10.2024

Weather Parameters	Weather Forecast (Valid for 25 nd October 2024 To 29 th October 2024)				
Date	25/10	26/10	27/10	28/10	29/10
Rainfall (mm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.4	4.2
Tmax (°C)	32.8	33.2	32.2	32.3	32.4
Tmin (°C)	19.2	18.2	19.6	19.1	19.7
RH-I (%)	90	94	95	94	95
RH-II (%)	62	75	81	75	81
Wind Speed (km/hr)	4	4	3	4	3
PM Wind Direction	227	154	209	154	209
Cloud cover	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy

Cloud cover		Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy Cloudy					
Crop	Stage	Weather Based Agro Advisory					
		. Today's forecast for the district indicates dry weather very likely to occur during 25-27 October and very light to light rainfall					
Forecast		very likely to occur at one to two places on 28-29 October. There will be gradual fall by 2-3°C in maximum and minimum					
Forecasi	-	temperature for next 5 days in more parts of over vidharbha region.					
		 Warning includes thunderstorm with lightning at one to two places on 28-29 October. 					
General	Branching	 Follow safety measures and use protective aids while handling and spraying pesticides. 					
		 Undertake clean picking of burst bolls in earlier sown cotton and properly dry the produce before storage, variety wise. 					
		• To avoid the rotting of matured bolls from outer side due to recent rainfall and fungal leaf spot diseases it is advised to					
Cotton Squaring/ Flowering/ Boll initiation		undertake foliar spray Carbendazim 50 WP @ 20 g or Propiconazole 25 EC @10 ml OR Pyraclostrobin 20 WP @ 20 g in 10					
		litres of water. Undertake spray of copper oxychloride 50 WP@ 25 g + streptocycline @1-2 g per 10 litres of water for management of inner boll rot and bacterial blight.					
	 Foliar spray of 2% DAP at boll development stage is advisable for better productivity. 						
	Foliar spray of 1% urea and 1% Magnesium sulphate in boll development stage is advisable to avoid reddening of cotton in						
	later crop stage.						
	• Keep close watch on male moths of pink bollworm in pheromone traps in cotton fields. With 8 to 10 adult moth observed in trap						
	over 3 consecutive days, initiate spray of 5% NSKE OR Azadirachtin 300 ppm @ 50 ml OR Azadirachtin 1500 ppm @ 25 ml						
	Boll initiation	per 10 litres of water to manage the incidence of pink boll worm. Erection of bird perches @ 10/acre is also advisable.					
		 Collect and destroy rosette flowers/ buds. At boll formation stage, inspect for presence and damage of pink bollworm by 					
		plucking 20 green bolls per acre from randomly selected plants. If infestation is 5 to 10% undertake spray of thiodicarb 75%					
		WP@ 25g OR quinolphos 25% AF @ 25 ml OR chlorpyriphos 25% EC @ 25 ml OR Profenofos 50% EC @ 30 ml OR indoxacarb 15.8% EC @ 10 ml OR deltamethrin 2.8% EC @ 10 ml per 10 litres of water.					
		■ If infestation is more than 10% undertake spray of triazophos 35% EC+ deltametrin 1% EC @ 17 ml OR chlorantraniliprole					
		9.3% + lambdacyhalothrin 4.6% zc @ 5 ml OR chlorpyriphos 50%+cypermethrin 5% EC @ 20 ml OR indoxacarb 14.5% +					
		acetamaprid 7.7% SC @ 10 ml per 10 litres of water.					
		• To control above ETL infestation of leaf hoppers undertake spray of Imidacloprid 17.8% SL 3 ml OR Thiamethoxam 25 WG					
		@ 3 gm OR Acetamaprid 20 SP @ 40g per 10 litres of water.					
		 Undertake remaining harvest of matured soybean crop judging clear weather and ensure safe storage of harvested produce to 					
	Pod maturity/	protect from quality deterioration due to rains.					
	Harvesting	 For likely use of soybean for seed purpose in the next season, it is advised to thresh the soybean at 13 to 15% seed moisture content and at 350 to 400 RPM thresher to avoid the loss of seed germination. For storage soybean seed moisture should be 					
		12% or less.					
		• Install pheromone traps at a distance of 50 m@ 5 / ha for monitoring of Helicoverpa. Monitor for the presence of eggs and					
Pigeonpea Branching		small larvae. Erect bird perches randomly in the field to encourage predation by insectivorous birds.					
	Branching	 For leaf folder remove the webbed leaves along with larvae and destroy them. 					
rigeoripea	Dianoming	 Due to congenial weather wilting/blight symptoms are observed in kharif pigeonpea, for control undertake drenching with 					
		copper oxychloride 50%WP@25gm OR captan 75%WP @ 20 gm in 10 litres of water. For control of incidence of Phytophtora					
Sesame	Groudh	blight (stem rot or stem blight) observed in pigeonpea undertake spray of Fosetyl AL 80% WP@ 20 gm in 10 litres of water.					
Sesame	Growth	 Need based weed management is advisable in sesame. Irrigated sorghum (PKV Kranti) can normally be sown by October end. 					
Rabi	Sowing	 Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable. 					
Sorghum	Jowning	 Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 80:40:40 kg NPK/ha with N in 2 splits. 					
	0	Undertake intercultural operation in timely sown safflower crop.					
Safflower	Sowing/	 Under irrigated condition safflower(PKV-Pink, AKS-207, Bhima,) can normally be sown till October end. 					
	Emergence	• Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable.					
		 Irrigated linseed (PKV-NL-260, NL-97) can normally be sown by first week of November. 					
Linseed	Sowing	• Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable.					
	· ·	Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 60:30 kg NP/ha with N in 2 splits. • Feasible intercropping systems include linseed+chickpea (4:2) or linseed+safflower(4:2).					
		 Irrigated chickpea (Jaki 9218, PDKV Kanchan, Vijay, Vishal, ICCV-2, and ICCV-10) can normally be sown by October end or 					
		latest by 10 November. Wilt resistant varieties include JAKI 9218, Vishal, ICCV-2, ICCV-10 etc. Maintain sowing depth of 5 cm					
Chickpea Sowing	Sowing	under irrigated condition.					
	Cowing	• Seed treatment with Rhizobium + PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable.					
		Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 25:50:30 kg NPK/ha at sowing.					
		Feasible intercropping system includes chickpea+rabi sorghum (6:2). Make tree basins of fruit errors wood free.					
Fruit crops	Growth	 Make tree basins of fruit crops weed free. For management of hasta bahar in acid lime undertake spray of potassium nitrate 2% at release of moisture stress. Undertake 					
Truit Grops	arowiii -	recommended manuring/fertilization as per age of orchard trees.					
Venetalala	Cuarth	 Undertake nursery sowing of tomato, brinjal, cabbage, cauliflower and sowing of spinach, fenugreek, radish, and carrot, 					
Vegetable	Growth	dolichos bean and ivy gourd.					
		Ensure protection of farm animals during thunderstorm/lightning.					
Livestock	_	• Ensure sufficient feed and medication for livestock to last through prevailing disruption. Vaccination of susceptible farm					
LITOOLOGIC		animals against foot-and-mouth disease (FMD) is advisable.					
Title	- Addison B. W. C. (1.5)	Download DAMINI mobile app from mobile play store for use of accurate warnings of lightning.					
This Agro Advisory Bulletin (AAB) is prepared & published with the consultation and recommendation of SMS committee of "Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa" (GKMS) Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krishi Vidyapeeth, Akola. 444005 (MS).							

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