

## Gramin Krishi Mausam Sewa, AMFU, Bulletin District Yavatmal.

(Issued jointly by GKMS, Akola, Dr Panjabrao Deshmukh Krishi Vidyapeeth, Akola & (India Meteorology Department) Email: gkmsakola@yahoo.com.



Yavatmal District Ag	romet Advisory Bul	letin No. 29 / 2024-2	.5 Da	Day & Date : Friday 18.10.2024		
Weather Parameters	Weather Forecast (Valid for 18 <sup>th</sup> October 2024 To 22 <sup>th</sup> October 2024)					
Date	18/10	19/10	20/10	21/10	22/10	
Rainfall (mm)	14.2	12.5	3.2	3.5	2.8	
Tmax (0C)	35.3	35.1	35.6	35.2	33.6	
Tmin (0C)	25.6	24.8	24.6	25.7	24.8	
RH-I (%)	88	89	90	88	84	
RH-II (%)	60	66	66	63	67	
Wind Speed (km/hr)	4	4	4	5	4	
PM Wind Direction	112	84	66	70	259	
Cloud cover	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy	

0.00	Cloud Gover						
Crop	Stage	Weather Based Agro Advisory					
Forecast	-	<ul> <li>Today's forecast for the district indicates very light to light rainfall very likely to occur at one to two places during 18-20 October and Dry weather very likely to occur on 21-22 October. There will be no large change in maximum temperature for next five days over vidharbha region.</li> <li>Warning includes thunderstorm with lightning at one to two places on 18-19 October.</li> </ul>					
General	Branching	Follow safety measures and use protective aids while handling and spraying pesticides.					
Cotton	Squaring/ Flowering/ Boll initiation	<ul> <li>Undertake clean picking of burst bolls in earlier sown cotton and properly dry the produce before storage, variety wise.</li> <li>To avoid the rotting of matured bolls from outer side due to recent rainfall and fungal leaf spot diseases it is advised to undertake foliar spray Carbendazim 50 WP @ 20 g or Propiconazole 25 EC @10 ml OR Pyraclostrobin 20 WP @ 20 g in 10 litres of water. Undertake spray of copper oxychloride 50 WP@ 25 g + streptocycline @1-2 g per 10 litres of water for management of inner boll rot and bacterial blight.</li> <li>Foliar spray of 2% DAP at boll development stage is advisable for better productivity.</li> <li>Foliar spray of 1% urea and 1% Magnesium sulphate in boll development stage is advisable to avoid reddening of cotton in later crop stage.</li> <li>Keep close watch on male moths of pink bollworm in pheromone traps in cotton fields. With 8 to 10 adult moth observed in trap over 3 consecutive days, initiate spray of 5% NSKE OR Azadirachtin 300 ppm @ 50 ml OR Azadirachtin 1500 ppm @ 25 ml per 10 litres of water to manage the incidence of pink boll worm. Erection of bird perches @ 10/acre is also advisable.</li> <li>Collect and destroy rosette flowers/ buds.At boll formation stage, inspect for presence and damage of pink bollworm by plucking 20 green bolls per acre from randomly selected plants. If infestation is 5 to 10% undertake spray of thiodicarb 75% WP@ 25g OR quinolphos 25% AF @ 25 ml OR chlorpyriphos 25% EC @ 25 ml OR Profenofos 50% EC @ 30 ml OR indoxacarb 15.8% EC @ 10 ml OR deltamethrin 2.8% EC @ 10 ml per 10 litres of water.</li> <li>If infestation is more than 10% undertake spray of triazophos 35% EC+ deltametrin 1% EC @ 17 ml OR chlorantraniliprole 9.3% + lambdacyhalothrin 4.6% zc @ 5 ml OR chlorpyriphos 50%+cypermethrin 5% EC @ 20 ml OR indoxacarb 14.5% + acetamaprid 7.7% SC @ 10 ml per 10 litres of water.</li> <li>To control above ETL infestation of leaf hoppers undertake spray of Imidacloprid 17.8% SL 3 ml OR Thiamethoxam 25</li> </ul>					
Soybean	Pod maturity/ Harvesting	<ul> <li>WG @ 3 gm OR Acetamaprid 20 SP @ 40g per 10 litres of water.</li> <li>Undertake remaining harvest of matured soybean crop judging clear weather and ensure safe storage of harvested produce to protect from quality deterioration due to rains.</li> <li>For likely use of soybean for seed purpose in the next season, it is advised to thresh the soybean at 13 to 15% seed moisture content and at 350 to 400 RPM thresher to avoid the loss of seed germination. For storage soybean seed moisture should be 12% or less.</li> </ul>					
Pigeonpea	Branching	<ul> <li>Install pheromone traps at a distance of 50 m@ 5 / ha for monitoring of Helicoverpa. Monitor for the presence of eggs and small larvae. Erect bird perches randomly in the field to encourage predation by insectivorous birds.</li> <li>For leaf folder remove the webbed leaves along with larvae and destroy them.</li> <li>Due to congenial weather wilting/blight symptoms are observed in kharif pigeonpea, for control undertake drenching with copper oxychloride 50%WP@25gm OR captan 75%WP @ 20 gm in 10 litres of water. For control of incidence of Phytophtora blight (stem rot or stem blight) observed in pigeonpea undertake spray of Fosetyl AL 80% WP@ 20 gm in 10 litres of water.</li> </ul>					
Sesame	Growth	Need based weed management is advisable in sesame.					
Rabi Sorghum	Sowing	<ul> <li>Irrigated sorghum (PKV Kranti) can normally be sown by October end.</li> <li>Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable.</li> <li>Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 80:40:40 kg NPK/ha with N in 2 splits.</li> </ul>					
Safflower	Sowing	<ul> <li>Under irrigated condition safflower (PKV-Pink, AKS-207, Bhima,) can normally be sown till October end.</li> <li>Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable.</li> </ul>					
Linseed	Sowing	<ul> <li>Irrigated linseed (PKV-NL-260, NL-97) can normally be sown by first week of November.</li> <li>Seed treatment with Azotobacter+ PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable. Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 60:30 kg NP/ha with N in 2 splits.</li> <li>Feasible intercropping systems include linseed+chickpea (4:2) or linseed+safflower(4:2).</li> </ul>					
Chickpea	Sowing	<ul> <li>Irrigated chickpea (Jaki 9218, PDKV Kanchan, Vijay, Vishal, ICCV-2, and ICCV-10) can normally be sown by October end or latest by 10 November. Wilt resistant varieties include JAKI 9218, Vishal, ICCV-2, ICCV-10 etc. Maintain sowing depth of 5 cm under irrigated condition.</li> <li>Seed treatment with Rhizobium + PSB (each 25 g / kg seed) and biofungicide Trichoderma @ 4 g per kg seed is advisable. Recommended fertilization for irrigated sole crop is @ 25:50:30 kg NPK/ha at sowing.</li> <li>Feasible intercropping system includes chickpea+rabi sorghum (6:2).</li> </ul>					
Fruit crops	Growth	<ul> <li>Make tree basins of fruit crops weed free.</li> <li>For management of hasta bahar in acid lime undertake spray of potassium nitrate 2% at release of moisture stress. Undertake recommended manuring/fertilization as per age of orchard trees.</li> </ul>					
Vegetable	Growth	<ul> <li>Undertake nursery sowing of tomato, brinjal, cabbage, cauliflower and sowing of spinach, fenugreek, radish, and carrot, dolichos bean and ivy gourd.</li> </ul>					
Livestock	-	<ul> <li>Ensure protection of farm animals during thunderstorm/lightning.</li> <li>Ensure sufficient feed and medication for livestock to last through prevailing disruption. Vaccination of susceptible farm animals against foot-and-mouth disease (FMD) is advisable.</li> <li>Download DAMINI mobile app from mobile play store for use of accurate warnings of lightning.</li> </ul>					
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