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Agriculture Research Station, Sindewahi, Dist. Chandrapur

Agro-Met Advisory Bulletin For



Chandrapur District o.GKMS/AAB/13/ARS/1182/2025 Date: 14th February

Observed Weather during last week.							Weather Parameters Weather Forecast of Chandrapur district				district				
	(Dated	1 07 th to	13th F	ebruar	y 2025)				(Valid	for dated	d 15 th to 1	9 th Februa	ary 2025)		
07/02	08/02	09/02	10/02	11/02	12/02	13/02		Date	15/02	16/02	17/02	18/02	19/02		
0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	R	ninfall (mm)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
31.0	32.5	34.0	34.2	34.5	35.0	32.0		nperature (Deg C)	36.5	36.2	36.8	36.6	36.7		
15.0	14.0	14.0	17.0	18.0	18.5	15.5		nperature (Deg C)	20.2	20.3	20.5	19.9	19.7		
76 41	79 29	79 27	80 41	89 48	85	80 36		tive Humidity (%)	62 38	61 35	63 34	65 33	32		
0.08	0.06	0.06	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.04		nd Speed (%)	6	4	7	6	6		
Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear		oud Cover (Okta)	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear	Clear		
	Rainfall (mm) in l		m) in lo	et woolz		Total Ci									
		Kan			St WEEK		Rainfall (mm) from 01/06/2024 to till date								
-	7 41			0 (0)			1802.2 (63)								
Weather As per the district level value added to the forecast during next five days on dated 15															
I.	orecast														
	temperature 36.2 to 36.8 degree Celsius & Minimum temperature 19.7 to 20.5 degree Celsius & dry weather condition very likely to occur.														
Nan	ne of Cro	p	Stag	e	•			Weather ba	sed Agro-	advisory					
	Gener	al Advis	sory					s dry weather fore							
					of agrochemicals for pest and disease management and fertilizer application in standing										
				rabi crops. During next five days dry weather forecast, it is advice to farmers, if irrigation facility is											
					available, apply irrigation to rabi crop as per the requirement of crop.										
Summer Sowing			ng	Sesame sowing can be done on 2 nd week of February. Seed rate should be 3-4 Kg/ha for											
Sesame				NT-11 recommended variety. Sowing of sesame can be done in broadcast or line sowing.											
					However, sowing the seed in line is preferred. Mixing the seed with dry soil (1 time seed: 4-time dry sand) at 30cm spacing. At time of sowing place, the seed at 3cm depth in the										
				soil.											
			> Seed treatment – to control pathogen causing seed & seedling disease, it is necessary to												
			coat the seed before sowing with either Carbendanzim 3-4 gm and Trichoderma viride 4g of per kg seed.												
Summer Vegetative		tive	Gap filling should be done up to 10 days after emergence.												
Groundnut		t	Growth > If weed m			management should be done with herbicide, spraying should be done at 25 to 30									
					days after sowing after germination with Targa Super 5 % EC (Quizalofop Ethyl) 100 gm active ingredient or Paruat 10 % SL (Imazithyper) 100 gm active ingredient mixed in 600										
				liters of water per hectare.											
Summer			Tilleri	ng			optimum 3- 5cm water level in the rice field.								
Rice			stage		> Apply Pre-emergence weedicide, Pendimethalin 30 % E. C. 50 ml OR Pretilachlor 50 %										
					E.C. 20 to 30 ml OR Pyrazosulfuron ethyl 10% w.p. 2 to 3 grams in 10 liters of water										
					after 3-5 days after transplanting. Apply post-emergence weedicide, Bispyribac sodium 10% S.C. 7 to 8 ml in 10 liters of										
			water after 10-15 days after transplanting. Azimsulfuron 50% DF Spray 2.3 gm in 10												
			liters of water after 20-25 days after transplanting.												
				➤ If initial incidence of Stem Borer: - Apply Chlorantraniliprole 0.4% G or Fipronil 0.3 % G @ 25 kg per hectare by maintaining water level 5 to 7 cm. Do not remove water from											
				paddy bunds for 4 to 5 days.											
Wheat		N	Milking stage		Considering the availability of limited irrigation for wheat crop, irrigate 42 days after sowing if single irrigation is available, irrigate at 21 and 65 days after sowing if two										
						_		gation is available , and if three irrig	,		•		0		
						ving.	s available	, and if three irrig	anons av	anabie III	igate at 21	, 42 and 03	uays after		
				 Due to cloudy weather condition, there is possibility of incidence of sucking pest, For 											
			control of aphid spray thiamethoxam 25% WG 10 to 15gram or Quinalphos 25% EC 40												
Chickpea Flowering to		ng to			0 liters of um vield i	water. n Chickpea crop,	the first	irrigation	should be	given 30	to 40 days				
	Pod		_				n the crop is in fl								
		stag	e	giv	en 60 to	70 days at	ter sowing i.e. in t	he pod fil	ling stage.						
		bird perch					incidence of pod								
				nes @ 20/ha randomly in the field to encourage predation by insectivorous birds. For incidence of Helicoverpa for above ETL level incidence (1-2 pod borer per											
			pla	nt or 5	% damag	ge crops) undertak	ke first sp	oray of 5%	6 NKSE 6	OR Azadir	achtin 300				
					PPM @ 50 ml per 10 litres of water OR Quinolphos 25%EC @ 20 ml per 10 litres of water. Fifteen days after first spray undertake second spray with Emamectin benzoate										
								after first spray u lorantraniliprole 1							
I	Linseed Capsule		ıle												
		(development		observed, it controlled by spraying thiamethoxam 25% WG 10 to 15gram or Quinalphos										
- C	. CC1		Stage					10 liters of water.		ide	gow == 1 *	a oul!!	outio-11		
Safflower Capsule development				Due to cloudy weather condition, monitor for incidence of sap sucking aphids particularly in irrigated / late sown safflower crop and for above ETL level incidence (30% infested											
		(stag					ay with dimethoat					/ J IIIICSICU		
N	Iustard		Siliqu	1e	> In	case of	availabilit	y of one irrigation	schedule	e it at flov	vering sta	ge, for ava			
		(developi			_		dule it at 30 days		owering s	stage, for	availabilit	y of three		
			stag	e		_		t at 25 to 30 days i rs aphid incidence		ard for a	hove ETI	level incid	ence (30%		

Cloudy weather favors aphid incidence in mustard. for above ETL level incidence (30% infested plants) undertake spray with dimethoate 30% EC @ 13 ml/10 liters of water.

There is possibility to increasing temperature, Irrigate the Watermelon crop at an

Vegetative

Watermelon

	Growth	inter	al of 6 to 8 days. According to soil moisture and crop need irrigation interval should						
		be de	ecrease or increase.						
Muskmelon	Vegetative	Ther	ere is possibility to increasing temperature, Irrigate the Muskmelon crop at an interval						
	Growth		6 to 8 days. According to soil moisture and crop need irrigation interval should be						
			ease or increase.						
Mango	Flowering	> For o	control of Jassids and Powdery mildew disease spray Imidachlopride 17.8 SL 3 ml +						
Ö	stage	80% WP Sulphur 25 gm per 10 liters of water.							
Animal	, and the second	> For	control and prevention of rinder pest diseases	in sheep and goat animals should be					
Management		giver	given vaccination in consultation with veterinary doctor.						
Ü		> Prov	Provide clean and potable drinking water to animals round the clock. Clean the water						
		troug	gh (once in a week) regularly in livestock.						
		> For	availability of green fodder to animals, Africa	n tall of maize crop and Pusa chaari					
		and S	SSG-898 variety of fodder sorghum should be c	ultivated.					
Soil Testing		Farn	ners should do soil testing before sowing or cult	tivation of any crop. Soil testing report					
		show	s availability of nutrients in soil and due to this	s, it is easy to manage fertilizer dose of					
		any o	crop, to save fertilizer and to maintain soil ferti	lity also.					
It should be no	oted that the valid	dity of the d	ates mentioned in the Weather Based Advisory	Bulletins will be valid from 08:30 AM					
on the previou	is day to 08:30 Al	M on the sai	d date.						
This Agro Advisor	y Bulletin (AAB)	is prepare	ed and published with the consolation and re	commendation of SMS committee of					
			ılture Research Station, Sindewahi, Dist. Chand						
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